

The Evening Herald.

VOL. VI.—NO. 269.

SHENANDOAH, PA., MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1891.

ONE CENT

"My Son, Deal With Men Who Advertise. You will Never Lose by It."—Benjamin Franklin

THE EVENING HERALD.

ALL THE NEWS FOR ONE CENT.

Has a larger circulation in Shenandoah than any other paper published. Circulation books open to all.

PERSONAL.

John F. Finney went to Reading this morning.
Mrs. J. S. Kistler is suffering from an attack of the grip.
Mrs. M. L. Cleary has presented her husband with a bouncing daughter.
J. Harry Zerby, editor of the Pottsville Republican, is in attendance at the County Institute.
Mrs. L. J. Hoffman, of Reading, is the guest of Mrs. Jonathan Wasley.
Mrs. Harry Bryant, of Steelton, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Pritchard, of Jarden street.
The members of the family of Assistant Postmaster Dengler are among the sufferers from grip.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a Bilious Look; if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Bells and gives a good complexion. Sold at C. H. Hagenbuch's Drug Store, 50c. per bottle.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.
Kemp's Balm will stop the cough at once.

Two Men Injured.

George Taylor, of town, and Stephen McKoon, of Turkey Run, were victims of a runaway on Saturday night. The two men were thrown from their carriage to the road way, in front of Dr. Langton's office. The doctor put several stitches in McKoon's face and head. Both men were removed to their homes in carriages. McKoon suffered the most and will be laid up for a week or more.

The proprietors of Pan-Tina have spent thousands of dollars to make it known that it cures coughs, colds and La Grippe. Trial bottles of Pan-Tina free at P. P. D. Kirlin's drug store.

Dolls! Dolls! Dolls!
Largest and best assortment in town. Kid body and dressed dolls 25 cents. Toys of all descriptions. All the latest games, puzzles, picture and story books. Bisque figures, chinaware, etc. Handsome plush presents for Christmas. At Muller's, 22 East Centre street.

\$2.50 FOR A CARPET
Sweeper. Others for \$3.00, and very good ones for \$3.50. Buy one for your wife for a Christmas present. We also have a new line of Rugs and Carpets at
C. D. FRICKE'S CARPET STORE.

FRESH STOCK--NEW CROP GOODS.

Fancy New Crop New Orleans Baking Molasses.
New Corn Meal—Made of all new corn. Kiln-Dried—Fresh Ground.
New Pickles—Natural Color—Crisp and Sour.
New Currants—Cleaned—Ready for Immediate Use.
New California Prunes—Fine Quality.
New California Canned Fruits—Egg Plums, Cherries, Apricots and Peaches.
New Buckwheat Flour—Very Choice.
New Green Scotch Peas.
New California Strained Honey.
New Raisins, Citron and Lemon Peel.
New Skinned Hams—Fresh Smoked.
New Mince Meat—Best Quality.

WHAT 25 CENTS WILL BUY AT KEITER'S.

Two Cans Choice Salmon.
Three Pounds Fancy Rice.
Two Bottles Ketchup—Large Size and Extra Quality.
Four Pounds Good Currants.
Three Pounds Mixed Candies.
Two Pounds Mixed Nuts—New Crop.
Five Pounds Oat Flakes—New Fresh Stock.

A Lot of Sheep, Goat and Wolf Skin Mats and Rugs—in White, Black and Colors.

Just Received Two Cars Choice No. 1 Timothy Hay, One car fine Middlings, extra quality. Also a lot Strictly Pure Country Lard.

FOR SALE TO ARRIVE—One Car Middlings. One Car Fancy Minnesota Flour.

DON'T FORGET that Northwestern Daisy Flour Always Gives Satisfaction.

AT KEITER'S.

SUNDAY IN TOWN.

REV. McNALLY'S SERMON IN THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

LOCAL BIBLE SOCIETY FORMED.

Organized by the General Secretary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society—Officers Elected. Objects of the Society.

Rev. W. McNally, of the Presbyterian church, delivered an eloquent sermon to his congregation Sunday, the theme of which was, "The Mystic Stone and Coming Kingdom," as portrayed in Daniel II, and was a continuation of a series of discourses on "The Lord's Second Coming." It would be difficult to give a proper idea of the sermon in so small a space, but the preacher brought out the following ideas: The chapter records a prophecy revealed to Nebuchadnezzar, and through him, as the mere organ of utterance, to us, of what shall be the succession of kingdoms of the world till the day when the great stone cut out of the mountain shall grind them to powder. The image, with head of gold, breast and arms of silver, belly and thighs of brass, legs of iron, and feet part iron and part clay, were symbolical of the four great universal empires, and the ten kingdoms into which the fourth empire was divided. These four were Babylonian, Medo-Persian, Macedonian and Roman empires. History had wonderfully accorded with prophecy, for there have been but four universal empires, beginning with Babylon under Nebuchadnezzar, and ending with the Roman, with its legs of iron denoting the division of the empire into Eastern and Western. It was prophesied how Babylon should be overthrown by Cyrus, by changing the course of the river and the Median army marching in by the river bed. Gibbon, the infidel historian, states (as if he could find no language so truly descriptive of historic fact as the language of Daniel) "The image of gold, or silver or brass that might serve to represent the nations of kings, was successively broken up by the iron monarchy of Rome."

There can be no doubt as to the identity of the four great empires represented in the image presented to Nebuchadnezzar and interpreted by God's prophet, Daniel. If Daniel were a mere guesser of future possibilities it is probable that he could have guessed so exactly what has taken place and what all history attests? The Western Roman Empire fell in A. D. 476. The Eastern in 1454 A. D., and was divided into exactly ten kingdoms. Corresponding to the toes of the image. These kingdoms were to continue as toes, until the "stone cut out of the mountain without hands" should fall upon them. Every effort to found another universal empire has failed and will fail; Charlemagne tried it, Louis XIV tried it, Napoleon I tried it, and when nearest to what he considered success in the enterprise half his army perished in Russia and the other half at Waterloo. The ten kingdoms have turned up after each revolution and will continue to exist, until the only other universal kingdom shall fill the earth, viz: The Kingdom of the coming Lord. This will be the fifth and last universal kingdom the world shall ever see. What the "stone" is that should smite the image there can be no doubt. It is the living stone, disallowed of men but chosen of God. It is the second coming of the Messiah. Had the stone struck the image on the leg of iron, it would have symbolized His first coming and the gospel dispensation, for the "iron kingdom"—the Roman Empire—was then in the zenith of its power. Had the stone come to blend with the materials of the image, and work like leaven upon it, it might have been interpreted to mean the gospel. But it comes in the very last stage of earth's nations, smiting the toes, and it comes not to coalesce but to destroy. It must therefore mean the second advent of the Son of God, to overthrow earth's kingdoms and establish His literal kingdom in the world. There was nothing gradual about it, and so it cannot mean the gradual spread of His spiritual kingdom. The last vestige of the old Roman Empire was swept away in 1801 when Napoleon compelled the Emperor of Austria to drop the title of "Emperor of Holy Roman Empire." We are now in the toe period, which will last about as long as the head, or 78 years, and we may look for the speedy return of our Lord to this earth. Are we ready to meet him?

Candelabras and candlesticks, and fancy bric-a-brac of all kinds, at Holderman's. 11-15-11

THE BIBLE SOCIETY.

A Local Branch Formed in Town Yesterday.

Rev. James Morrow, D. D., general secretary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society, spent yesterday in town representing the interests of the bible cause. He put in a very full day, preaching three times to large congregations, besides addressing the Presbyterian Sunday school. In the morning he preached in the Methodist Episcopal church and in the early evening in the Reformed church. Following the regular services a union meeting was held in the Methodist Episcopal church at which Dr. Morrow delivered an able and telling address on the great need that exists for the dissemination of the bible in the language of the people. The moral aspects of the problem of immigration received considerable attention. We ought to look beyond its industrial bearings and regard the coming of the multitudes from the less favored portions of the world as providential opportunities which are being thrust upon us for indoctrinating them in the truths of God's word in order to their salvation. This means the circulation of the bible in their own language. This need is being met by the bible society which publishes the book of God not for profit but for gift to the poor and for sale at its exact cost to such as are able to buy. Local organizations are springing up in our towns and cities to aid in this work. These societies afford a common platform upon which all denominations of christians may stand. Men differ upon points of doctrine and questions of interpretation but with this the Bible Society has nothing to do. Such questions are left to the denominations. The Bible Society proposes to scatter the word of God without note or comment so that God may speak through it for Himself to every one that reads. In European lands only one language is needed in each country, while Shenandoah needs the work to be carried on in a dozen languages or more, and without the work of the Bible Society this could not be done. At the close of this address Rev. R. O. Boyle read a form of constitution for a Shenandoah Bible Society which was adopted. Rev. McNally then read a list of officers and managers which had been nominated by the different pastors at a joint meeting on Saturday evening. On motion, they were elected as follows: President, J. S. Callen, M. D.; Vice Presidents, F. J. Poriz, J. K. Kohler, Deacon John Bunn; Secretary, Rev. R. O. Boyle; Managers, W. J. Jacobs, Albert Hoover, S. W. Yost, J. P. Williams, John Glover, Marshall Bangh, Mrs. H. G. James, Mrs. J. Cather, Mrs. S. G. M. Hollister, Miss Ella Clauer, Miss Mary Palmer, Mrs. M. S. Riggs. Pastors of Evangelical churches are managers ex officio.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.
From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took it all, eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at C. H. Hagenbuch's drug store, regular size, 50c. and \$1.00.

Handsome stock of lamps with the most delicately hand-painted bisque and china shades, at Holderman's. 11-28-11

WATER WORKS!

CAREFUL ANALYSIS BY THE JOINT COMMITTEE.

SOME FIGURES AND ARGUMENTS

Showing the Right and Availability of the Borough to Own and Operate a Plant of Its Own.

To the Editor of the HERALD.

Will you give the joint committee on water works some space in your paper to present their own views of the question? We have been attacked in different papers of this borough and out of it; well meant advice was given; calculations have been made; legal questions have been raised; insinuations of selfish motives have been imputed to us; remarks tending to create dissension among the citizens have been published—and so far we have been silent, and have restrained from publicly vindicating ourselves as well as our actions, and also from refuting any of the many charges made against us. We have done this for the sake of peace and harmony, but we feel it to be our duty now to make some statement and some explanations, so that unbiased persons, who have not the means of examining the question thoroughly may see that we know what we are about.

It is still fresh in the memory of every one that the water company presented the borough of Shenandoah for water rent on fire plugs claimed to be due them, for a period of about ten years. That a universal indignation was felt by every citizen not interested in the water company was only natural, for ten years ago, when an overwhelming majority of citizens voted for water works to be owned and operated by the borough, the water company published a promise, that they would never charge the borough for water rent on fire plugs. When the result of the law-suit was made known, a meeting of the citizens was called, not only to express their indignation but also to devise means by which a repetition of similar proceedings might be avoided.

Resolutions, presented at that meeting, were passed to the effect that the borough authorities be requested to procure water works owned and operated by the borough itself. The outcome was the appointment of a joint committee, consisting of an equal number of councilmen and citizens, who were charged with taking the necessary steps toward the accomplishment of this object. We expected opposition and we found it. The water company and their tools have done all they could toward creating an artificial sentiment among the citizens and to induce them in an apprehension of an overwhelming indebtedness of the borough. Besides the motives of those who were at the head of the movement were put down as being of the meanest nature. We were charged to be a set of mean, disappointed speculators who envy the water company for their large dividends. Is it true that the whole meeting was composed of such mean characters? If speculation was the object why was no move made to inactivate a new water company? What individual benefit or advantage could they see in requesting the borough authorities to undertake the work?

As a means to divert the attention from the main object, the Electric Light Company was drawn in for a full share of attention. But there are two electric light companies in town. Which is meant? As the Citizens' Electric Light Company have the contract to light the streets of the borough, we presume that this company is meant. But what has this to do with the water question? If the Citizens' Electric Light Company should ever undertake to make a contract with the borough and subsequently sue the borough in violation of their own promise or contract, we would be the very first persons to repulse such an encroachment on the part of the company. As it is, the borough has made an equitable contract with the Citizens' Electric Light Company for which the borough gets the street lights. (What did it get from the fire plugs?) That contract terminates next April, and both the borough authorities and the company have a right to renew it or not, and if the Council should see a way to get a better or cheaper light, or both, we hold that it would be their duty to do so, no matter what effect that might have on the electric light company.

But such a tremendous indebtedness!!! Why, the borough has already a bonded indebtedness of \$25,000 for which it has only \$40,000 of assets, and the new water works would cost (according to some objector) \$150,000 more, and this debt would require interest to be paid and would be a lien on our property! Let us look this objection fairly and squarely in the face. First. Most of the citizens present at the mass meeting are property holders, and know well enough that the property holders are chiefly responsible for the indebtedness of the borough. Second. They also know that the water works of the borough will pay for themselves, not only the interest but also the principal in a comparatively short time. Third. The estimate of \$150,000 is much

too high. We have carefully considered everything, arrived at the conviction, that the above sum, viz., \$75,000 will pay for the whole concern. But we will add \$25,000 more, and make it \$100,000. This sum, at 4 per cent., will require a semi-annual interest of \$2,000 or \$4,000 each year. Add to this the expense of running the works another \$4,000 and add in \$2,000 for repairs total \$10,000.

Now what are the receipts? A careful examination of the maps of the borough will convince us that there are at least 4,000 dwelling houses in the borough. 4,000 x \$25 = \$100,000. The saloons, stores, bath rooms, slaughter houses, livery stables, depots, gas and electric light companies and all other sources will give us \$50,000 more, making a total of \$150,000. Now we will be generous and grant that our estimation is 20 per cent. too high and deduct \$50,000. We will then have an income of \$100,000 a year. Of this sum \$10,000 will be required to pay interest and expenses, and \$40,000 can be paid on the principal. We are sure that within ten years the whole indebtedness could be paid.

Has the borough a right to contract such a debt, and is the vote taken ten years ago still valid? The water company says that we are to care for those that live now, not for those that lived ten years ago. We have a slight suspicion that the water company will find that a much greater percentage of those that lived ten years ago are still alive and more active than they care for.

In regard to the legality of the vote, we have the opinion and advice of the Borough Solicitor and other eminent lawyers. In regard to the power of Council we will say this: The duplicate for the appraisement authorize Council to contract an indebtedness within the legal limit of \$40,000. The vote gives them \$150,000 more, making a total of \$190,000. Of this deduct the present indebtedness of \$25,000, which leaves \$165,000 to start with, and if more should be required, the citizens will be prepared to give them the authority by an overwhelming vote.

The above was written when a report of the meeting of the joint committee with the water committee was published in last Friday's HERALD. That report, to say the least, was very inaccurate, and as we have neither time or the disposition to enter into it at present we will refer our friends to a later action, and state here only that we expect to hear next Wednesday the answer of the water company to our ultimatum given them at our last meeting.

A. B. LAMB, Chairman,
M. E. DOYLE, Secretary,
WILLIAM KIMMEL,
R. W. STOUT,
J. F. HIGGINS,
J. J. FRANKY,
T. J. JAMES,
M. G. WURN,
T. J. HIGGINS,
A. D. GABLE,
OSCAR BETTERIDGE,
J. K. P. SCHIFFLY,
SHENANDOAH, Dec. 12, 1891.

A Dazzling Display.
Ladies and gentlemen attending the institute should not fail to see the splendid display of goods in gold and silver at Holderman's jewelry store on the south-west corner of Main and Lloyd streets. The stock is the richest in the county and embraces the products of leading manufacturers in this country and Europe.

Injured by a Fall.
Mrs. John Saeger met with a serious accident at her residence on South West street, Friday night. While passing through a room she was tripped by a piece of carpet and fell against a door, breaking a shoulder blade.

Waters' Weiss beer is the best. John A. Retilly sole agent. 5-5-11

A Kind Friend.
Is what they call that Famous Remedy, Red Flag Oil, it quickly cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sores and all pain. It is good for man or beast. 25 cents. At Kirlin's drug store.

Hurrah for the Holidays!
Right now we are ready for business with an immense assortment of Christmas gifts in watches, jewelry, silverware, music books, gold and silver-headed canes, umbrellas, etc., etc. E. B. BRUMM. 12-14-11

Attend the institute ball in Robbins' opera house, Wednesday evening, December 16. Schoppe's full orchestra. Concert by the Grant Cornet Band. 12-10-11

Finger Chopped.
John Eisenhart, of North Main street, had the first joint of the second finger of his left hand chopped off on Saturday. John and a Polish laborer were putting up and fitting a collar in the Kehley Run mines and the laborer accidentally chopped the finger.

All kinds of candies, 20 cents per lb., at Duncan & Weidley's. 12-5-11

An unusual number of articles for holiday presents, superior in quality and surpassed by none in the county for style and execution, can be had at Holderman's jewelry store, direct on the corner of Main and Lloyd streets. 12-14-11

Van Houten's Cocoa—The original, most soluble. 12-14-11

THE INSTITUTE.

TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS TO-DAY.

TEACHERS FROM ALL PARTS HERE

The Enrolling Clerks Kept Busy This Morning—Splendid Display of Class Work in the Exhibit Rooms.

The 29th annual Teachers' Institute of Schuylkill county was convened in Ferguson's theatre to-day. Sessions will be held tomorrow, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

The officers of the institute are G. W. Weiss, county superintendent of public schools, president; Col. P. H. Monaghan, M. M. Frank, C. D. Arters, H. Day Gise, A. J. O'Connor, Dr. Michael Ryan, J. W. Cooper, H. H. Fleisher, Thomas G. Jones, H. H. Spayd, G. W. Channell, E. T. Kenny, E. F. Dolan, A. H. Meyer and F. P. Henry, vice presidents; W. S. Thomas and L. K. Witmer, secretaries; J. M. Hoffman, treasurer. Supt. L. A. Freeman, R. F. Diebhorn, B. F. Patterson, W. C. Esler and F. S. Miller constitute the advisory committee.

Enrolling clerks John L. Stauffer, J. M. Schroppe, A. J. Timlin and W. W. Wood were at their desks promptly at 8:30 this morning and from that time until dinner hour they were kept busy enrolling the names of teachers, who passed into the theatre by scores. All the school districts of the county are well represented and the institute promises to be a gratifying success financially and in every other respect. After enrolling their names the teachers placed themselves in the care of the committee on entertainment and reception and were taken to their respective hotels and boarding houses. The committee consists of Misses Clara Cline, Lizzie M. O'Connell, Anna Macmillan, Mary A. Stack and Carrie M. Smith.

The institute was formally opened at 2 p. m. by County Superintendent Weiss. Miss Wilhelmina Seegmiller, supervisor of drawing, Allegheny, Pa., followed with instructions on drawing and was addressing the institute when the HERALD went to press.

Miss Seegmiller will open the second session of the institute at 9 a. m. tomorrow, with additional instructions on drawing. The exhibit of school work has jumped into popularity. The two halls in Ferguson's building, at the corner of Main and Oak streets, were crowded all day, school teachers and parents alike manifested great interest in the exhibit, which is probably the best ever given in connection with a teachers' institute in this state.

Shenandoah makes the largest display, drawings, compositions, modellings, crayon and other work requiring all the space in one of the large halls. The exhibit made by the schools is an excellent one. Superintendent Freeman and his corps of teachers are receiving congratulations from all quarters. Other school districts will make exhibits in the adjoining hall. The teachers were busy arranging their displays to-day. Girardville and Donaldson make large exhibits. The drawings from objects by the schools of the latter place are worthy of special mention.

The Shenandoah exhibits include work done by pupils in all classes, from the first grade primary (first year) to the senior High school class, and embraces all grades of work. Mr. A. E. L. Leckie has introduced in the exhibit made by his class a volume of sheets on mental arithmetic, containing illustrations in full and solutions in excellent language, the solutions combining perfect language lessons with the arithmetic work.

It is the desire of the institute officials that the public shall treat the exhibit halls as they are intended—one of the features of the institute, and that all who can possibly visit the halls during the week will do so.

The course of institute entertainments will open this evening with a lecture by Major Henry C. Dane on "The Great Naval Battles of the Rebellion."

Do you suffer with Consumption, Coughs or Colds? You can be cured if you take Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. 5 and 10 cents. Trial bottles free at Kirlin's drug store.

Four tintypes for 25 cents, at Dabb's. 11

Mince!

3 pounds for a quarter, None cheaper.
2 pounds for a quarter, None better.

Motts' Cider!

8 cents a quart, 25c per gallon.

Sweet and not intoxicating.

GRAF'S,

No. 122 North Jardin Street.